

Hoffman Specialty® Series 2000 Pressure and/or Temperature Steam Regulator NOISE CONTROL GUIDELINES



HS-907A

Understanding Sound

Sound results from pressure fluctuations in the air. Sound pressure levels cover an enormous range. In order to compress the range, sound levels are usually expressed in decibels. A decibel is simply the logarithm of the ratio of two quantities, the sound pressure level being measured and a reference level. The reference level is by definition 0 dB.

The human ear does not respond equally to all frequencies. It tends to be insensitive to very low and very high frequencies. Standard sound level meters are equipped with a scale that

approximates the human ear's response. Sounds measured on this scale are expressed as A-weighted decibels (dBA). The dBA is commonly used in engineering work.

Decibels are expressed in a logarithmic ratio. Therefore they cannot simply be added or subtracted. A reduction of 6 dB in measured sound level will result in a decrease of the sound pressure level by 50%. The relationship between measured decibel level and absolute sound is summarized in the following table.

| Relative reduction (dB) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 20 | 40 |
|-------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Absolute reduction (%) | 11 | 21 | 29 | 37 | 44 | 50 | 68 | 90 | 99 |

Noise

We are all surrounded by noise of varying degree. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has established acceptable noise levels. Hearing protection must be worn in environments with a noise level exceeding an 85 dB weighted average, over an eight hour period. Many manufacturers **prefer** to keep noise level below this limit in order to protect their employees and visitors, and eliminate the need to provide hearing protection. Commercial and institutional facilities such as offices, hospitals, and schools **require** noise level to be below the 85-dB limit.

Comparison of Noise Levels

| 0 dB | Threshold of audibility |
|--------|---|
| 20 dB | Very faint whisper |
| 40 dB | Quiet office |
| 60 dB | Normal conversation or Air Conditioner |
| 80 dB | Garbage disposal or loud singing |
| 100 dB | Police siren at 100 feet, Snowmobile, or Air Hammer |
| 120 dB | Thunderclap, Rock Music, or Turbine Generator |
| 140 dB | Jet at 10 feet or .22 Caliber Rifle |
| 158 dB | Shotgun |
| 188 dB | Apollo lift-off at close range |

Pressure Regulator Valve Noise

A pressure regulator main valve controls outlet pressure and changes steam flow. In the process, a portion of the potential energy from the inlet pressure is converted into turbulence. Some of this turbulent energy is converted into heat. A small portion of the energy creates sound, which results in noise in the main valve.

In a typical installation the main valve will emit only minimal noise. However, the noise inside the pipe, downstream of the main valve, can be excessive. The sound level decreases as the distance from the pipe increases. Use the actual distance between the work area and the piping for your **Steam Specialty Component Selector (ESP- PLUS)** calculation when selecting the main valve. To determine the noise level of an existing installation take the measurement 3 feet downstream of the main valve and 3 feet (or more) away from the outlet's pipe surface. At further distances from the pipe surface, the radiated sound drops off in intensity. Some typical noise level reductions compared to distances are shown below. The sound level reductions shown assume the valve is acoustically isolated from the surrounding structure. Sound can be transmitted throughout the structure with little attenuation if the piping system is not properly isolated, or if surroundings are acoustically "hard". The piping system itself can also act as a conduit for sound.

Noise Level Reduction/Distance

| Distance from Pipe | 3 Ft. | 6 Ft. | 12 Ft. | 25 Ft. | 50 Ft. |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Noise Level Reduction | 0 dB | 3 dB | 6 dB | 9 dB | 12 dB |

Steam Component and ESP-PLUS Selection

The Hoffman Specialty website **Steam Specialty Component Selector** and the **ESP-PLUS** selection program for the Series 2000 Regulators incorporates the Instrument Society of America (ISA) standard to calculate noise level generated at the main valve outlet. If the ESP-PLUS calculated noise level with a full port main valve exceeds your requirements, try using a larger size main valve with a normal port or a reduced port. Since velocity generates sound, using a larger valve can reduce the noise level. Also, use a valve that will be operating at 50% or more of its rated capacity, as oversized valves can wire draw the seat when operating at higher pressures. The following chart shows some comparisons of noise level using full port, normal port, and reduced port valves.

Examples

Decible (dB) calculations

(Based on 125 psi inlet pressure reducing to 15 psi outlet pressure)

| lbs/hr | 2100 | 4200 | 5600 | 7500 | 11400 | 16800 | 27720 | 62600 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Full port | 88.2 | 92.9 | 94.3 | 94.9 | 95.7 | 97.3 | 99.6 | 103.5 |
| Normal | 86.2 | 91.4 | 92.2 | 91.5 | 93.6 | 95.1 | 96.3 | |
| Reduced | 86.2 | 89.7 | 89.1 | 90.1 | 91.9 | 92.3 | | |

Two Stage Reduction

| Two stage | 80.3 | 83.6 | 84.3 | 83.7 | 87.2 | | | |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|

How to Reduce Pressure Regulator Noise Level

- 1. a) Use the **Steam Specialty Component Selector** on the website or **ESP-PLUS** to make an initial main valve selection. The Component Selector calculates noise level 3 feet downstream of the main valve and 3 feet away from the pipe, and is based on schedule 40 pipe. Also, it will allow you to specify the noise level for a greater distance in the event that someone actually works 3 feet away from the pipe.
 - b) Base selection on the actual flow rate of steam required. Do not allow any safety factors to be figured in.
 - c) Use the "Results" screen to determine the noise level of main valves that meet the required flow rates. Whenever possible, use the full port main valve, as this will provide the smallest, least expensive valve to meet the required capacity.
- 2. If the noise level slightly exceeds your specification limit, determine if the steam pipe will be insulated. Insulation helps block noise transmission and reduces the noise level. Fiberglass insulation provides the greatest noise level reduction (6 to 8 dB per inch of insulation). Check with insulation manufacturers for specific information.
- 3. Use schedule 80 pipe rather than the standard schedule 40 to achieve the following reductions.

| NPT Pipe Size | Noise Level Reduction |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| 1/2" to 2" | 6 dB |
| 4" | 7 dB |
| 6" or 8" | 8 dB |
| 10" | 9 dB |
| 12" | 10 dB |

- 4. Use the **Steam Specialty Component Selector** to make a two-stage reduction that will reduce noise levels 5 to 10 dB. If the noise level of the program's selection exceeds your requirements on one of the main valves, change the intermediate pressure selection by increasing the pressure drop across the valve with the lower noise level. The noise level of the two main valves will then be closer or equal.
- 5. Purchase and install a noise attenuation device for the valve or in the downstream piping.

| Noise Attenuation Device | Noise Level Reduction |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Acoustic insulating blankets | 5 to 7 dB |
| Acoustic orifice plates | 5 to 10 dB |
| Acoustic diffusers | 10 to 15 dB |
| Acoustic silencers | 20 to 30 dB |

While Hoffman Specialty does not offer noise attenuation devices, arrangements have been made with selected manufacturers to provide their products to Hoffman Specialty Representatives. (Refer to the information beginning on page 5.)

A noise-attenuating device may be appealing with a lower initial cost. But remember that a two-stage reduction will reduce the noise level **and** increase the seat life.

6. Follow proper noise reduction piping practices below.

Noise Reduction Piping Practices

- 1. Install the Series 2000 regulator in an accessible location and at least three feet away from any solid walls or structures that could transmit and reflect sound.
- 2. Use sound isolating piping supports.
- 3. Use the Saturated Steam Capacity Tables below to properly size the inlet and outlet piping for a velocity appropriate with the application. The velocity of most industrial applications should be less than 10,000 feet per minute. Offices, hospitals, schools or others that require low noise levels should be sized for less than 6,000 feet per minute.
- 4. Use pipe reducers and expanders that have gradual tapers (maximum 20°) on both the inlet and outlet sides of the main valve. Do not increase or decrease the pipe more than two pipe sizes per stage. Do not use eccentric reducers.
- 5. Do not make directional changes in the outlet pipe before the piping has been increased to the required size. A

minimum straight run of 10 pipe diameters upstream and 20 pipe diameters downstream should be used.

- Install a drip trap ahead of the regulator to prevent the accumulation of condensate, which causes water hammer. A drip trap may also be required downstream of the valve if condensate cannot drain away from the valve by gravity.
- 7. All strainers, gate valves and piping components must be sized identical to the enlarged pipe. Use long radius elbows to make directional changes. Do not use bullhead tees.
- 8. Use high-density insulation to cover regulator body, piping and system components to reduce heat loss and noise level. A properly fitted insulation blanket not only reduces heat loss significantly, but also can provide moderate (3-6 dB) local noise attenuation. Adding an acoustic barrier as part of the insulation can provide even greater noise reduction (5-7 dB).

Flow Rates

Saturated Steam (lbs./hr) at 6000 ft/min (velocity) in Schedule 40 iron or steel pipe

| | | | | PRESSURE | PSI (GAUGE | E) | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Pipe Size (inches) | 5 | 10 | 15 | 30 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 200 | 250 |
| 1/2 | 30 | 40 | 45 | 60 | 90 | 120 | 150 | 180 | 270 | 330 |
| 3/4 | 55 | 70 | 80 | 110 | 160 | 220 | 280 | 340 | 510 | 620 |
| 1 | 90 | 110 | 125 | 180 | 270 | 390 | 460 | 560 | 840 | 1020 |
| 1-1/4 | 160 | 200 | 225 | 325 | 480 | 650 | 820 | 990 | 1490 | 1830 |
| 1-1/2 | 220 | 270 | 300 | 450 | 650 | 900 | 1100 | 1300 | 2060 | 2550 |
| 2 | 370 | 455 | 520 | 750 | 1100 | 1500 | 1900 | 2300 | 3450 | 4200 |
| 2-1/2 | 525 | 650 | 750 | 1050 | 1600 | 2175 | 2750 | 3300 | 4950 | 6050 |
| 3 | 800 | 950 | 1350 | 1600 | 2500 | 3350 | 4250 | 5150 | 7700 | 9450 |
| 3-1/2 | 1100 | 1350 | 1550 | 2200 | 3300 | 4550 | 5700 | 6900 | 10200 | 12700 |
| 4 | 1450 | 1800 | 2000 | 2900 | 4300 | 5850 | 7400 | 8900 | 13450 | 16400 |
| 5 | 2300 | 2800 | 3200 | 4600 | 6900 | 9300 | 11700 | 14100 | 21200 | 26000 |
| 6 | 3200 | 3900 | 4500 | 6400 | 9800 | 13200 | 16800 | 20300 | 30800 | 36900 |
| 8 | 5700 | 7000 | 8000 | 11400 | 17200 | 23300 | 29300 | 35400 | 53100 | 65200 |
| 10 | 9300 | 11400 | 13000 | 18900 | 28200 | 38000 | 48100 | 58100 | 87100 | 106500 |
| 12 | 13500 | 16600 | 18900 | 27000 | 40800 | 55300 | 69700 | 84200 | 126500 | 154700 |

Saturated Steam (lbs./hr) at 10,000 ft/min (velocity) in Schedule 40 iron or steel pipe

| | | | | PRESSURE | PSI (GAUGE | E) | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Pipe Size (inches) | 5 | 10 | 15 | 30 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 200 | 250 |
| 1/2 | 50 | 65 | 75 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 450 | 550 |
| 3/4 | 90 | 115 | 130 | 180 | 265 | 365 | 460 | 560 | 850 | 1030 |
| 1 | 150 | 180 | 200 | 300 | 450 | 650 | 760 | 930 | 1400 | 1700 |
| 1-1/4 | 260 | 330 | 375 | 540 | 800 | 1080 | 1360 | 1650 | 2480 | 3050 |
| 1-1/2 | 360 | 450 | 500 | 750 | 1080 | 1500 | 1830 | 2160 | 3430 | 4250 |
| 2 | 610 | 750 | 860 | 1250 | 1830 | 2500 | 3160 | 3830 | 5750 | 7000 |
| 2-1/2 | 875 | 1080 | 1250 | 1750 | 2660 | 3620 | 4580 | 5500 | 8250 | 10050 |
| 3 | 1330 | 1580 | 2250 | 2650 | 4150 | 5550 | 7050 | 8550 | 12800 | 15700 |
| 3-1/2 | 1800 | 2250 | 2550 | 3650 | 5500 | 7550 | 9500 | 11500 | 17000 | 21100 |
| 4 | 2400 | 3000 | 3300 | 4800 | 7150 | 9750 | 12300 | 14800 | 22400 | 27300 |
| 5 | 3800 | 4650 | 5300 | 7650 | 11500 | 15500 | 19500 | 23500 | 35300 | 43300 |
| 6 | 5300 | 6500 | 7500 | 10600 | 16300 | 22000 | 28000 | 33800 | 51300 | 61500 |
| 8 | 9500 | 11600 | 13300 | 19000 | 28600 | 38800 | 48800 | 59000 | 88500 | 108600 |
| 10 | 15500 | 19000 | 21600 | 31500 | 47000 | 63300 | 80100 | 96800 | 145000 | |
| 12 | 22500 | 27655 | 31500 | 45000 | 68000 | 92000 | 116000 | 140000 | | |

Noise Attenuating Devices

Several noise attenuating devices can be used with pressure regulator valves. Some are mounted to the main valve in the downstream piping. These include:

- Acoustic Orifice Plates (commonly called orifice plates)
- Acoustic Diffusers
- Acoustic Silencers
- Acoustic Insulating Blankets

Acoustic Orifice Plates



Acoustic orifice plates use a multiple orifice hole pattern in the plate to reduce noise levels of the pressure reducing valve by 5 to10 dB (measured 3 feet from the main valve) by: • Graduating the expansion across the valve.

Absorbing the vent pressure at the downstream side of the valve.
Reorienting the normal exit turbulence of the steam flow.
Providing a noise frequency shift.

An Acoustic orifice plate:

- Is installed between standard ANSI flanges downstream of the pressure reducing valve.
- Can be used in conjunction with acoustic diffusers for additional noise reduction.
- Creates a maximum pressure drop across the plate of 5 psig (add 5 psi to the desired outlet pressure to assure the valve and plate combination will meet the specified application requirements).
- Has a pattern of orifice holes specifically designed for each individual application to attain maximum noise reduction.

Acoustic Diffusers



Acoustical diffusers use a multiple hole pattern in a pipe nozzle to reduce noise levels of the pressure reducing valve by 10 to 15 dB (measured 3 feet from the main valve) by: • Graduating the expansion across the valve.

• Breaking up the normal exit turbulence of the steam flow.

An acoustic diffuser:

- Can be mounted to either the NPT screwed outlet or to the standard ANSI flanges downstream of the pressure reducing valve.
- Can be used in conjunction with acoustical orifice plates for additional noise reduction.
- Creates a maximum pressure drop across the plate of 5 psig (add 5 psi to the desired outlet pressure to assure the valve and diffuser combination will meet the specified application requirements).
- Has a hole pattern specifically designed for each individual application to attain maximum noise reduction.

Acoustic Silencers



Acoustical silencers use a diffuser pipe nozzle inserted in a perforated tube that in turn is surrounded by layers of sound absorbing material to reduce noise levels of the pressure reducing valve by 20 to 30 dB (measured 3 feet from the main valve) by:

- Graduating the expansion across the valve.
- Breaking up the normal exit turbulence of the steam flow.
- Attenuating the high-frequency noise ranges by use of sound absorbing material.

An acoustic silencer:

- Can be mounted to either the NPT screwed outlet or to the standard ANSI flanges downstream of the pressure reducing valve.
- Can be used in conjunction with acoustical orifice plates for additional noise reduction.
- Creates a maximum pressure drop across the plate of 6 psig (add 6 psi to the desired outlet pressure to assure the valve and silencer combination will meet the specified application requirements).
- Has a size and hole pattern specifically designed for each individual application to attain maximum noise reduction.

Acoustic Insulating Blankets

Acoustic insulating blankets (mufflers) use a combination of a high-density insulated fiberglass mat and a sound absorbing material mat to reduce noise levels of the pressure reducing valve by 5 to 7 dB (measured 3 feet from the main valve) by:

- Reducing reflected noise and absorbing noise energy with the fiberglass mat.
- Blocking transmitted noise with the sound absorbing material mat.

The insulating blanket:

- Covers the main valve with a one piece insulating cover.
- Has Velcro® hook and loop fasteners to secure the blanket to the main valve.
- Allows easy removal for testing and maintenance of main valve.
- Can be installed without disturbing piping around the valve.
- Is custom fit to each particular valve.

Installation of Noise Attenuation Devices

- 1. Before installing the Series 2000 Pressure Reducing Valve, ensure the piping is free from foreign materials, scale, etc.
- 2. Install the Series 2000 Pressure Reducing Valve in accordance with the instructions included with the valve (HS-601).
- 3. Connect the acoustic orifice plate, acoustic diffuser or acoustic silencer directly to the outlet connection of the Series 2000 Pressure Reducing Valve to avoid the generation of flanking noise.
- 4. Provide a straight-run length of, at least, ten (10) pipe diameters equal to the nominal size of the acoustic diffuser/acoustic silencer outlet. If desired, outlet piping may be reduced to a smaller size, as long as flow velocity will not exceed 6,000 feet per minute. Use only concentric reducers to make pipe size changes.
- 5. Ensure that the piping and pressure reducing valve are adequately supported to avoid imposing stress on the valve body or the acoustic diffuser / acoustic silencer.

Sources of Noise Attenuation Devices

The following manufacturers can be used as sources for the listed noise attenuating devices. In both cases, the following applies:

- Prices can be obtained through the listed manufacturer.
- Requirements for items not listed should be addressed directly with the listed manufacturer.
- Place orders directly with the listed manufacturer
- Shipping and billing will handled by the listed manufacturer

Acoustic orifice plates, acoustic diffusers and acoustic silencers are available from: Burgess-Manning, Inc.

227 Thorn Avenue Orchard Park, NY 14127-2 Phone: 716/539-7432 Fax: 716/662-6548 www.burgess-manning.com

Acoustic insulating blankets are available from:

Shannon Enterprises of W.N.Y., Inc. 75 Main Street, P.O. Box 199 North Tonawanda, NY 14120-0199 Phone: 716/693-7954 Fax: 716/693-1647 Email: rsmith@blanket-insulation.com www.blanket-insulation.com

Selecting Noise Attenuation Devices

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Orifice Plates

To determine the acoustic orifice plate required:

- 1. Enter the chart in Table 1 (page 7) at the row for the upstream pressure and
- 2. Match the valve size and steam capacity as close to the actual conditions as possible.

The following notes are applicable to the acoustic orifice plates from Burgess-Manning:

- The Burgess-Manning acoustic plates (BAP series) are designed to be installed within the bolting of two (2) 125#/150# or 250#/300# flanged connections.
- Material of construction is carbon steel.
- Shipment is three to four weeks after receipt of order.
- Prices are NET, F.O.B., Burgess-Manning's Cisco, Texas plant and are subject to change without notice.
- Typical acoustical performance:

| Frequency (Hz) | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1K | 2K | 4K | 8K |
|------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| DIL of BAP (dB)* | -1 | -2 | -2 | -3 | -4 | -5 | -5 | -3 |

* DIL - Dynamic Insertion Loss

Overall Dimensions are as follows:

| Nom Pipe | ninal Size | 125 ANSI F | ; # lange | 250 # ANSI Flange | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|
| in. | (mm) | in. | (mm) | in. | (mm) | | |
| 2" | (50) | 4 3/16" | 106) | 6" | (152) | | |
| 2 1/2" | (65) | 4 15/16" | (125) | 7" | (178) | | |
| 3" | (80) | 5 11/16" | (144) | 7 1/2" | (190) | | |
| 4" | (100) | 6 15/16" | (176) | 9" | (229) | | |
| 6" | (150) | 9 11/16" | (246) | 11" | (279) | | |

Plate thickness is 3/4" (19mm) for all plates

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Orifice Plate Model Numbers

Table 1

| U | pstream | | | | | VALVE | SIZE | | | | |
|----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Pres | sure (Psig) | 1/2" * | 3/4" * | 1" * | 1-1/4" * | 1-1/2" * | 2" * | 2-1/2" | 3" | 4" | 6" |
| 5 | Flow Rate | 75 | 125 | 210 | 285 | 390 | 700 | 1,040 | 1,345 | 2,140 | 4,560 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-1-I | BAP-3/4A-2-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-5-I | BAP-1-1/2A-7-I | BAP-2A-12-I | BAP-2-1/2A-17-I | BAP-3A-22-I | BAP-4A-23-J | BAP-6A-22-K |
| 7 | Flow Rate | 95 | 165 | 270 | 360 | 500 | 900 | 1,340 | 1,730 | 2,750 | 5,870 |
| <i>'</i> | Model # | BAP-1/2A-1-I | BAP-3/4A-2-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-5-I | BAP-1-1/2A-7-I | BAP-2A-13-I | BAP-2-1/2A-19-I | BAP-3A-25-I | BAP-4A-25-J | BAP-6A-24-K |
| 10 | Flow Rate | 120 | 210 | 350 | 475 | 650 | 1,160 | 1,740 | 2,245 | 3,580 | 7,600 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-1-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-7-I | BAP-2A-14-I | BAP-2-1/2A-22-I | BAP-3A-17-J | BAP-4A-12-K | BAP-6A-26-K |
| 12 | Flow Rate | 140 | 250 | 400 | 540 | 750 | 1,325 | 1,990 | 2,560 | 4,100 | 8,750 |
| 12 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-1-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-8-I | BAP-2A-15-I | BAP-2-1/2A-22-I | BAP-3A-17-J | BAP-4A-12-K | BAP-6A-15-L |
| 15 | Flow Rate | 150 | 270 | 445 | 610 | 835 | 1,475 | 2,140 | 2,865 | 4,570 | 9,750 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-1-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-8-I | BAP-2A-15-I | BAP-2-1/2A-22-I | BAP-3A-18-J | BAP-4A-13-K | BAP-6A-15-L |
| 20 | Flow Rate | 180 | 320 | 520 | 705 | 970 | 1,720 | 2,595 | 3,350 | 5,330 | 11,300 |
| 20 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-8-I | BAP-2A-15-I | BAP-2-1/2A-22-I | BAP-3A-18-J | BAP-4A-13-K | BAP-6A-15-L |
| 25 | Flow Rate | 220 | 380 | 630 | 860 | 1,180 | 2,100 | 3,140 | 4,070 | 6,460 | 13,800 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-9-I | BAP-2A-16-I | BAP-2-1/2A-23-I | BAP-3A-18-J | BAP-4A-13-K | BAP-6A-15-L |
| 30 | Flow Rate | 230 | 410 | 670 | 910 | 1,250 | 2,220 | 3,350 | 4,330 | 6,850 | 14,620 |
| 50 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-4-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-9-I | BAP-2A-16-I | BAP-2-1/2A-23-I | BAP-3A-18-J | BAP-4A-13-K | BAP-6A-15-L |
| 40 | Flow Rate | 300 | 530 | 870 | 1,180 | 1,620 | 2,880 | 4,330 | 5,600 | 9,000 | 19,000 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-6-I | BAP-1-1/2A-9-I | BAP-2A-16-I | BAP-2-1/2A-23-I | BAP-3A-19-J | BAP-4A-14-K | BAP-6A-16-L |
| 50 | Flow Rate | 375 | 660 | 1,080 | 1,470 | 2,035 | 3,590 | 5,410 | 6,980 | 11,700 | 23,800 |
| 50 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-9-I | BAP-2A-16-I | BAP-2-1/2A-25-I | BAP-3A-20-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 60 | Flow Rate | 445 | 785 | 1,290 | 1,755 | 2,410 | 4,300 | 6,440 | 8,300 | 13,200 | 28,200 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-25-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 75 | Flow Rate | 545 | 960 | 1,560 | 2,150 | 2,960 | 5,240 | 7,900 | 10,200 | 16,200 | 34,600 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 90 | Flow Rate | 630 | 1,110 | 1,830 | 2,500 | 3,420 | 6,060 | 9,140 | 11,800 | 18,750 | 40,000 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 100 | Flow Rate | 700 | 1,220 | 2,000 | 2,730 | 3,750 | 6,640 | 10,000 | 12,910 | 20,300 | 43,800 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 125 | Flow Rate | 850 | 1,490 | 2,450 | 3,350 | 4,600 | 8,250 | 12,300 | 15,880 | 25,200 | 53,800 |
| 123 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 150 | Flow Rate | 1,000 | 1,765 | 2,900 | 3,940 | 5,420 | 9,600 | 14,450 | 18,650 | 29,700 | 63,400 |
| 150 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 175 | Flow Rate | 1,150 | 2,030 | 3,350 | 4,550 | 6,250 | 11,180 | 16,650 | 21,500 | 34,200 | 73,000 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 200 | Flow Rate | 1,300 | 2,300 | 3,760 | 5,130 | 7,040 | 12,500 | 18,800 | 24,250 | 38,600 | 82,400 |
| 200 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 225 | Flow Rate | 1,455 | 2,560 | 4,200 | 5,740 | 7,880 | 13,920 | 21,000 | 27,100 | 43,200 | 92,000 |
| | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |
| 250 | Flow Rate | 1,600 | 2,825 | 4,640 | 6,320 | 8,700 | 15,400 | 28,200 | 29,950 | 47,600 | 102,800 |
| 250 | Model # | BAP-1/2A-2-I | BAP-3/4A-3-I | BAP-1A-5-I | BAP-1-1/4A-7-I | BAP-1-1/2A-10-I | BAP-2A-17-I | BAP-2-1/2A-26-I | BAP-3A-21-J | BAP-4A-15-K | BAP-6A-18-L |

* Valves with screwed NPT outlets require an adaptor to convert to flanged outlet for installation of an Acoustic Orifice Plate.

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Diffusers

To determine the acoustic diffuser series required:

- 1. Enter the chart in Table 2 (below) at the row for the steam capacity
- 2. Match the pressure upstream (inlet pressure) of the valve.
- 3. With knowledge of the series of acoustic diffuser required, locate the specific model in Table 3 (page 9) based on the characteristics of the specific main valve.

The following notes are applicable to the acoustic diffusers from Burgess-Manning:

- The Burgess-Manning diffusers are installed directly to the PRV outlet.
- Material of construction is carbon steel.
- Shipment is four to six weeks after receipt of order.
- Prices are **NET**, F.O.B., Burgess-Manning's Cisco, Texas plant and are subject to change without notice.
- Typical acoustical performance:

| Frequency (Hz) | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1K | 2K | 4K | 8K |
|-----------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| DIL of Series D (dB)* | -2 | -3 | -6 | -10 | -13 | -15 | -12 | -8 |

* DIL - Dynamic Insertion Loss



Dimensions are as Follows:

| SERIES | INLET SIZE* | OUTLET SIZE** | А | В | с |
|--------|----------------|------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| D1 | 1/2 to1" | 2" | 5-1/2 | 1-5/16 | 10-1/2 |
| D3 | 1/2 to1" | 2" | 5-1/2 | 1-5/16 | 13-1/2 |
| D4 | 3/4" to 2" | 4" | 6-1/2 | 2-3/8 | 13-1/2 |
| D5 | 3/4" to 2-1/2" | 4" | 6-1/2 | 2-7/8 | 16-1/2 |
| D6 | 1-1/4" to 3" | 6" | 8 | 3-1/2 | 17 |
| D8 | 1-1/2" to 4" | 8" | 10 | 4-1/2 | 17 |
| D10 | 2" to 6" | 12" | 12 | 6-5/8 | 21 |
| D12 | 2-1/2" to 6" | 12" | 12 | 6-5/8 | 21 |
| D14 | 3" to 6" | 12" | 12 | 6-5/8 | 28 |
| D16 | 4" & 6" | 16" | 12 | 8-5/8 | 24 |
| D18 | 4" & 6" | 16" | 12 | 8-5/8 | 31 |
| D20 | 6" | 20" | 12 | 10-3/4 | 26 |
| D24 | 6" | 20" | 12 | 10-3/4 | 32 |

*Available inlet sizes: NPT Male 1/2", 3/4" 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2", 2": ANSI 125 or 250 Flanged **All outlets are ANSI 125/150 or 250/300 Flanged

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Diffuser Series Numbers

Table 2

| Steam Capacity | | | | | | VALVI | E INLET PRE | SSURE (psig | 1) | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|----|-------------|----|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| (thousands of lbs/hr) | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 250 | |
| <1 | | | | | | | D 1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | U-1 | | | | | | | |
| 1.5 | | | 1 | | 1 | | D-3 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | D-4 | 1 1 | | | | 1 | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | D-5 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 1 1 | 1 D-J | 1 | | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | |
| 6 | | | | | | | D-6 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | 1 1 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | 1 1 1 | | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | D-8 | | | | | | |
| 12 | L | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | D-10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | D-10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | | | | | | | D-12 | 1 1 1 | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | | | | | | | | | D-14 | | | | | |
| 35 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 40 | | | | | | | | | D-16 | | | | | |
| 50 | | | | | | | | | | | D-18 | 1 | | |
| 75 | | | | | | | | | | | D-20 | | | |
| 100 | | | | | | | | | | | | D-2 | 24 | |

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Diffuser Model/Part Numbers

Table 3

| Diffuse | r Model | | | MAIN VALVE | OUTLET SIZE | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Outlet Size Part # | | 1/2" NPT | 3/4" NPT | 1" NPT | 1 1/4" NPT | 1 1/2" NPT | 2" NPT |
| D-1 | Outlet Size Part # | 2"-150# 10-1196-000 | 2"-150# 10-1150-000 | 2"-150# 10-1176-000 | | | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | 2"-300# 10-1818-000 | 2"-300# 10-1897-000 | 2"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1912-000 | | | |
| D-3 | Outlet Size Part # | 2"-150# 10-2053-000 | 2"-150# 10-1241-000 | 2"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1212-000 | | | |
| 5-5 | Outlet Size Part # | 2"-300# 10-1812-000 | 2"-300# 10-1811-000 | 2"-300 <i>#</i> N/A | | | |
| D-4 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-150# 10-1195-000 | 4"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1249-000 | 4"-150# 10-1272-000 | 4"-150# 10-1164-000 | 4"-150# 10-1389-000 |
| D-4 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-300# N/A | 4"-300# N/A | 4"-300# 10-1635-000 | 4"-300# N/A | 4"-300# 10-1313-000 |
| D-5 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-150# N/A | 4"-150# 10-1163-000 | 4"-150# 10-1211-000 | 4"-150# 10-1147-000 | 4"-150# 10-1271-000 |
| 5 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-300# N/A | 4"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1391-000 | 4"-300# 10-1224-000 | 4"-300# 10-1253-000 | 4"-300# 10-1312-000 |
| D-6 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | 6"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1194-000 | 6"-150# 10-1208-000 | 6"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1144-000 |
| D-0 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | 6"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1255-000 | 6"-300# N/A | 6"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1614-000 |
| D-8 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | 8"-150# N/A | 8"-150# 10-1258-000 |
| 0-0 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | 8"-300# 10-1230-000 | 8"-300# 10-1326-000 |
| D-10 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | 12"-150# N/A |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | 12"-300# N/A |

NOTES: 1. Diffuser inlets for use on main valves with a NPT threaded outlet have NPT threads of the same size as the main valve (see figure 1).

2. All diffuser outlet sizes are either ANSI 150# or 300# flanges as noted.

3. ANSI 125# and 150# flanges have identical outside diameters and bolt hole patterns.

4. ANSI 250# and 300# flanges have identical outside diameters and bolt hole patterns.



Figure 1 Diffuser with NPT inlet X ANSI flanged outlet



Figure 2 Diffuser with ANSI flanged intlet X ANSI flanged outlet

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Diffuser Model/Part Numbers

Table 3 (continued)

| Diffus | er Model | | | - | MAIN VAL | VE OUTLET SIZE | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Out Pa | let Size art # | 2" 125# | 2" 250# | 2 1/2" 125# | 2 1/2" 250# | 3" 125# | 3" 250# | 4" 125# | 4" 250# | 6" 125# | 6" 250# |
| | Outlet Size Part # | 4"-150# N/A | | | | | | | | | |
| D-4 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-300# N/A | | 4"-300# 10-1593-000 | | | | | | |
| D-5 | Outlet Size Part # | 4"-150# N/A | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-5 | Outlet Size Part # | | 4"-300# N/A | | 4"-300# 10-1593-000 | | | | | | |
| D-6 | Outlet Size Part # | 6"-150# N/A | | | | 6"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1209-000 | | | | | |
| D-0 | Outlet Size Part # | | 6"-300# N/A | | 6"-300# 10-1178-000 | | 6"-300# 10-1228-000 | | | | |
| D-8 | Outlet Size Part # | 8"-150# N/A | | | | 8"-150# 10-1221-000 | | 8"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1291-000 | | | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | 8"-300# N/A | | 8"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1316-000 | | 8"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1177-000 | | 8"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1260-000 | | |
| D-10 | Outlet Size Part # | 12"-150# N/A | | | | 12"-150# 10-1252-000 | | 12"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1182-000 | | 12"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1207-000 | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | 12"-300# N/A | | 12"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1205-000 | | 12"-300# 10-1148-000 | | 12"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1239-000 | | 12"-300# 10-1323-000 |
| D-12 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | 12"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1373-000 | | 12"-150# 10-1297-000 | | 12"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1183-000 | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | | | 12"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1553-000 | | 12"-300# 10-1350-000 | | 12"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1342-000 | | 12"-300# 10-1341-000 |
| D-14 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | 12"-150# N/A | | 12"-150# N/A | | 12"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1277-000 | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | 12"-300# 10-1781-000 | | 12"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1565-000 | | 12"-300# 10-1242-000 |
| D-16 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | 16"-150# N/A | | 16"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1906-000 | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | 16"-300 <i>#</i> 10-1379-000 | | 16"-300# 10-1536-000 |
| D-18 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | 16"-150# N/A | | 16"-150 <i>#</i> 10-1301-000 | |
| | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | 16"-300# N/A | | 16"-300# N/A |
| 0.20 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | | 20"-150# N/A | |
| 0-20 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | | | 20"-300# N/A |
| D 24 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | | 20"-150# N/A | |
| U-24 | Outlet Size Part # | | | | | | | | | | 20"-300 <i>#</i> 10-2042-000 |

NOTES: 1. Diffuser inlets for use on main valves with a flanged outlet have flanges of the same size as the main valve (see figure 2 on page 9).

2. All diffuser outlet sizes are either ANSI 150# or 300# flanges as noted.

3. ANSI 125# and 150# flanges have identical outside diameters and bolt hole patterns.
4. ANSI 250# and 300# flanges have identical outside diameters and bolt hole patterns.

Burgess-Manning Acoustic Silencers

Selecting an acoustic silencer should be done on a consultative basis working with Burgess-Manning. Burgess-Manning requires the following information:

- Steam flow rate (lbs./hr)
- Inlet and outlet pressures
- Size of the Series 2000 Main Valve
- Steam temperature.

The following notes are applicable to the acoustic silencers from Burgess-Manning:

- The Burgess-Manning silencers are installed directly to the PRV outlet.
- All welded steel construction. Exterior surfaces are prime coated. Acoustic absorptive material is fiberglass.
- Shipment is four to six weeks after receipt of order.
- Prices are NET, F.O.B., Burgess-Manning's Cisco, Texas plant and are subject to change without notice.
- Typical acoustical performance:

| Frequency (Hz) | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1K | 2K | 4K | 8K |
|------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| DIL of LCV (dB)* @ 5,000 fpm | -7 | -15 | -23 | -30 | -32 | -30 | -27 | -24 |
| @ 10,000 fpm | -9 | -17 | -23 | -29 | -30 | -28 | -25 | -23 |

* DIL - Dynamic Insertion Loss



Dimensions are as Follows:

| Silencer | Dimensions in Inches | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|-------|-----|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Number | A (Intlet) | В | С | D (Outlet) | | | | | |
| LCV-2 | 1/2" to 2" NPT | 5 | 35 | 2" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-3 | 1/2" to 2" NPT; 2" & 3" flanged | 6 1/2 | 46 | 3" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-4 | 1/2" to 2" NPT; 2" & 4" flanged | 10 | 52 | 4" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-5 | 3/4" to 2" NPT; 2" & 4" flanged | 12 | 60 | 5" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-6 | 2" to 6" flanged | 12 | 66 | 6" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-8 | 2" to 6" flanged | 14 | 72 | 8" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-10 | 1/2" to 2" NPT; 2" to 6" flanged | 16 | 78 | 10" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-12 | 2" to 6" flanged | 18 | 90 | 12" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-14 | 2 1/2" to 6" flanged | 20 | 104 | 14" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-16 | 2 1/2" to 6" flanged | 22 | 116 | 16" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-18 | 3" to 6" flanged | 24 | 132 | 18" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-20 | 4" & 6" flanged | 26 | 146 | 20" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-22 | 6" flanged | 30 | 158 | 22" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-24 | 6" flanged | 30 | 174 | 24" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-26 | 6" flanged | 32 | 186 | 26" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-28 | 6" flanged | 36 | 202 | 28" flanged | | | | | |
| LCV-30 | 6" flanged | 36" | 216 | 30" flanged | | | | | |

Shannon Enterprises Acoustic Insulating Blankets

Acoustic insulating blankets have both thermal and acoustic performance benefits for Series 2000 Pressure Reducing Valves. Recognized "Energy Savings" as well as significant reductions in "Radiant Sound Energy" are achieved. The blanket absorbs sound and reduces sound reflection, producing a reduction in ambient mechanical room noise levels.

The following notes are applicable to the acoustic insulating blankets from Shannon Enterprises:

- Terms: Net 30 Days
- FOB: North Tonawanda, NY
- Delivery: 3-4 Weeks
- Shannon custom manufacturers each individual acoustic insulating blanket.
- Each acoustic insulating blanket is boxed separately.
- Plain I.D. Tags are used on every blanket.

Design Components:



Typical Acoustic Performance

| Estimated dBA Reduction* | Finished Surface Mass |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 5-7 dBA | 2.4 lbs./sq. ft. Surface Mass |

* Based on a typical flow rate with an open free field environment. Performance may vary depending on actual field conditions.

Thermal Performance:

| Operating Temperature | | Bla Thic | nket kness | Blanket Outside Surface Temp.* | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| ۴F | (°C) | in. | (mm) | °F | (°C) | |
| 250 | (121) | 1.5 | (38) | 92 | (38) | |
| 300 | (149) | 1.5 | (38) | 98 | (41) | |
| 350 | (177) | 1.5 | (38) | 104 | (45) | |
| 400 | (204) | 1.5 | (38) | 111 | (50) | |
| 450 | (232) | 1.5 | (38) | 118 | (54) | |

* Surface temperature of the blanket will achieve ambient temperature conditions.

Heat loss calculations are based on a 70°F ambient using a flat surface condition.

Fabrication Details:

- A. **Blanket construction** is a double-sewn lock stitch with a minimum of 7 stitches per inch. All raw jacket edges have a tri fold PTFE Teflon Fiberglass cloth binding. No raw cut jacket edges are exposed. Stitching is Teflon coated fiberglass thread. Hogrings and staples are not used.
- B. **Overlap flaps:** Blanket pieces include an extended 2" wide fabric vinyl flap to avoid penetrating noise at mating seams. This flap covers the exposed "Hot Spot" seam and minimizes any potential noise leaks.
- C. Nameplate: An aluminum nameplate tag is riveted to each blanket piece for ease of identification and location. 1/8" embossed lettering is used to include manufacturer description, size, pressure rating, part number and model number.
- D. Quilting pins: To enhance blanket quality and maintain uniform thickness, stainless steel quilting pins are placed at random locations to prevent shifting of the insulation filler.
- E. Fasteners:
 - 1. Wiretwist fasteners utilize stainless steel type 304 wire and stainless steel type 304 lacing pins. The wire is 20gauge stainless steel wire, doubled up and twisted in a spiral fashion with a minimum of 4 twists per inch. Wiretwist length is 16" or greater. Wiretwists are secured to the 14-gauge lacing pin at the pin stem.
 - 2. Velcro® Hook & Loop Fasteners are sewn to the outer jacketing. A 2" wide hook fastener is stitched to the blanket and a 2" wide loop fastener is stitched to an extended outer jacketing flap. Velcro is rated for temperatures up to 350°F.
- F. One-piece design: Design incorporates a 1-piece valve design with the "Bonnet" and "Body".
- G. Pull-down strap: Extended 3" wide fabric flaps include a Teflon coated fiberglass draw cord.
- H. **Warranty:** All blankets carry an 18-month warranty. The warranty covers the replacement cost of the blanket for blanket failures due to premature degradation from either blanket components used in the blanket, the blanket design, construction or workmanship.
- Design guidelines: To assess the limitations of this blanket design, refer to the technical data sheets on each product component. The blanket design follows these guidelines and produces the highest achievable service life possible. Blanket design quality can be reduced or enhanced by changing any one component. If a question arises regarding deviations from the stated guidelines, contact Shannon Enterprises directly.

Shannon Enterprises Acoustic Insulating Blankets Part Numbers

| Size | Part Number |
|--------|---|
| | Series 2100 & 2150 Screwed NPT Ends |
| 1/2" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-1/2" |
| 3/4" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-3/4" |
| 1" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-1" |
| 1-1/4" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-1-1/4" |
| 1-1/2" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-1-1/2" |
| 2" | IBA-ITT-2100-PRV-2" |
| Serie | es 2200 & 2250 Flanged Ends ANSI 125 Flanged |
| 2" | IBA-ITT-2200-PRV-2" |
| 2-1/2" | IBA-ITT-2200-PRV-2-1/2" |
| 3" | IBA-ITT-2200-PRV-3" |
| 4" | IBA-ITT-2200-PRV-4" |
| 6" | IBA-ITT-2200-PRV-6" |
| 1 | Series 2300 Flanged Ends ANSI 250 Flanged |
| 2" | IBA-ITT-2300-PRV-2" |
| 2-1/2" | IBA-ITT-2300-PRV-2-1/2" |
| 3" | IBA-ITT-2300-PRV-3" |
| 4" | IBA-ITT-2300-PRV-4" |
| 6" | IBA-ITT-2300-PRV-6" |



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